



Human Adaptation at Grasshopper Pueblo, Arizona: Social and Ecological Perspectives

By Joseph A. Ezzo

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Human adaptation at Grasshopper Pueblo, Arizona: social and ecological perspectives. International monographs in prehistory. Ja Ezzo. Stable isotopic analysis of human bone can refine dietary reconstructions based on traditional floral and faunal evidence of subsistence. Previous isotopic research in the American Bottom documented the importance of maize during the Mississippian period (A.D. 1050-1350) but focused on the analysis of bone collagen carbon isotopes. Start by marking "Human Adaptation at Grasshopper Pueblo, Arizona: Social and Ecological Perspectives" as Want to Read: Want to Read saving! Want to Read. Ezzo presents a detailed study of the bone chemistry of individuals buried at the 14th century Grasshopper Pueblo site. A wide range of elements were measured from these skeletons as indicators of diet, stress, and nutrition. The different concentrations of these elements were then related to parameters of age, sex, social differences, space, time, environmental change, an Ezzo presents a detailed study of the bone chemistry of individuals buried at the 14th century Grasshopper Pueblo site. A wide range of elements were measured from these skeletons as indicators of diet, stress, and nutrition The Grasshopper Ruin, a fourteenth century pueblo, is an example of what some have called "Late Mogollon" or "Prehistoric Western Pueblo" culture. It consists of several main room clusters separated by a presently intermittent stream and surrounded by smaller groupings of rooms. There are approximately 500 rooms at the site. Space does not permit a discussion of the range of problems that we are attempting to solve in our research nor the sampling design. But one aspect of our work, the "Cornering-Growth Project," has provided us with the relative construction sequences for all the rooms at th and various adaptations to human behaviour. All the above adjustments of synurbic populations seem to be within the range of natural plasticity of the species. The question concerning possible genetic differences between synurbic and non-urban populations has no clear answer so far. It is a subject of increasing interest to science, because it demonstrates ecological and behavioral plasticity and microevolutionary changes in animal populations under anthropogenic pressure. It is also a point of interest in applied ecology, because it implies the possibility of enriching and managing urban wildlife.

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